- (D) Include an annual review of each program to determine whether it continues to meet the requirements of the Order.
  - (iii) Assess whether:
- (A) Senior management demonstrates commitment to the success of the program, including providing the necessary resources for effective implementation:
- (B) Producers and users of classified information receive guidance with respect to security responsibilities and requirements:
- (C) Controls to prevent unauthorized access to classified information are effective;
- (D) Contingency plans are in place for safeguarding classified information used in or near hostile areas:
- (E) The performance contract or other system used to rate civilian or military personnel includes the management of classified information as a critical element or item to be evaluated in the rating of: Original classifiers; security managers; classification management officers; and security specialists; and other employees whose duties significantly involve the creation or handling of classified information; and
- (F) A method is in place for collecting information on the costs associated with the implementation of the Order.

## Subpart F—Security Education and Training

## § 2001.70 General [5.4].

- (a) *Purpose*. This subpart sets standards for agency security education and training programs. Implementation of these standards should:
- (1) Ensure that all executive branch employees who create, process or handle classified information have a satisfactory knowledge and understanding about classification, safeguarding, and declassification policies and procedures;
- (2) Increase uniformity in the conduct of agency security education and training programs; and
- (3) Reduce improper classification, safeguarding and declassification practices.

- (b) Applicability. These standards are binding on all executive branch departments and agencies that create or handle classified information. Pursuant to Executive Order 12829, the NISPOM prescribes the security requirements, restrictions, and safeguards applicable to industry, including the conduct of contractor security education and training. The standards established in the NISPOM should be consistent with the standards prescribed in Executive Order 12958, as amended and of this part.
- (c) Responsibility. The senior agency official is responsible for the agency's security education and training program. The senior agency official shall designate agency personnel to assist in carrying out this responsibility.
- (d) Approach. Security education and training should be tailored to meet the specific needs of the agency's security program, and the specific roles employees are expected to play in that program. The agency official(s) responsible for the program shall determine the means and methods for providing security education and training. Training methods may include briefings. interactive videos, dissemination of instructional materials, and other media and methods. Agencies shall maintain records about the programs it has offered and employee participation in them.
- (e) Frequency. The frequency of agency security education and training will vary in accordance with the needs of the agency's security classification program. Each agency shall provide some form of refresher security education and training at least annually.

## $\S 2001.71$ Coverage [5.4(d)(3)].

(a) General. Each department or agency shall establish and maintain a formal security education and training program which provides for initial and refresher training, and termination briefings. This subpart establishes security education and training standards for original classification authorities, declassification authorities, declassification authorities, security managers, classification management officers, security specialists, and all other personnel whose duties significantly involve the creation or handling of classified information. These